

#### **ARIAS SOCIETY**

#### **Assam Rural Infrastructure and Agricultural Services Society**

(An Autonomous Body of the Govt. of Assam)

Project Management Unit (PMU) of the Asian Development Bank financed Assam Sustainable Wetland and Integrated Fisheries Transformation (SWIFT) Project Agriculture complex, Khanapara, G.S. Road, Guwahati-781022(Assam, India)

Tel:+91361-2332004; website:www.arias.in; email: swift-spd@arias.in

## Assam Sustainable Wetland and Integrated Fisheries Transformation (SWIFT) Project

(PROJECT NO: 57042-001)

## Procurement of Works Bidding Document

[Based on the Standard Bidding Document (Dec-2021) of the ADB for Procurement of Works through Single-Stage: Two-Envelope Bidding Procedure, for projects governed by Procurement Regulations for ADB Borrowers: Goods, Works, Nonconsulting and Consulting Services-2017]

#### for

# Conservation, Restoration and Rejuvenation works of the Gutung Bhettoli Beel of Lakhimpur District under Assam SWIFT Project

### (Vol.2: Environmental Management Plan)

**Issued on** : 01 November, 2025

Invitation for Bids No. : ARIAS /ADB-SWIFT/CW10-10 CB No : ARIAS /ADB-SWIFT/OCB-08

**Employer** : ARIAS Society, Agriculture Complex

Khanapara, Assam -22

**Country** : India

#### **Environmental Management Plan**

Conservation, Restoration and Rejuvenation works of the 'Gutung Bhettoli Beel' of Lakhimpur District under the Assam SWIFT Project

Table of Contents
ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN
Introduction
Environmental Management Plan
Environmental Monitoring Plan
Environmental Responsibilities
Environmental Safeguards Reporting Requirements
Environmental Management Budget
Conclusion
Annexures
Annexure 1: Construction Site Checklist for EMP implementation and Compliance  Monitoring
(to be used by contractor in field)
Annexure 2: Sample Material Collection Register

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN**

The Environmental Management Plan (EMP) (see Table 1.1) for Gutung Bhettoli Beel, Lakhimpur District under the Assam SWIFT Project, provides a structured framework for minimizing environmental impacts and ensuring sustainable wetland management. It outlines mitigation and monitoring measures with defined roles, responsibilities, and timelines for effective implementation by the Department of Fisheries (DoF), contractors, and regulatory bodies. The EMP is aligned with the project's Detailed Engineering Report (DER) and includes site-specific measures to address environmental and human health risks throughout the project lifecycle. This EMP has been developed based on the Initial Environmental Examination (IEE) prepared in accordance with the Asian Development Bank's Safeguard Policy Statement (SPS), 2009.

#### Objectives of the EMP

The primary objectives of the EMP are to:

- Identify and implement mitigation, avoidance, and compensation measures for potential environmental impacts;
- Ensure compliance with ADB's Safeguard Policy Statement (SPS, 2009) and applicable national/state regulations;
- Define institutional arrangements and monitoring responsibilities; and
- Promote environmental sustainability of the subproject.
- Reference in developing a site-specific environment, health, and safety management plan (SSEHSMP) based on the EMP, customized to address the specific environmental, health, and safety risks and conditions of the project site.

#### The EMP comprises:

- Mitigation and enhancement measures;
- Environmental monitoring during construction and operation;
- Capacity building and training;
- Implementation timeline and budget; and
- Integration into all project phases.

The EMP spans the 12-month construction phase and requires its inclusion in bidding documents and contracts. It must be accessible at all worksites and will be revised, as needed, during implementation. Non-compliance will be considered a breach of safeguard obligations and may result in contractual penalties or corrective actions. The Contractor is responsible for implementing all relevant measures under the EMP, while the Employer and its consultants shall supervise and monitor compliance as part of the project's environmental safeguards oversight.

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See most recent IEE here <a href="https://www.adb.org/projects/57042-001/main">https://www.adb.org/projects/57042-001/main</a>

## ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT OF GUTUNG BHETTOLI BEEL, LAKHIMPUR DISTRICT

#### Baseline Environmental Status of Gutung Bhettoli Beel, Lakhimpur District

#### PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

- **Climate & Rainfall**: Project are as generally experience a sub-tropical monsoon climate, with high rainfall during June–September and moderate to high humidity. Temperatures range from cool winters to hot summers.
- **Topography & Geology**: Wetland and floodplain areas with gentle slopes, often dominated by alluvial soils such as silty loam and clay loam.
- **Hydrology**: Seasonal variation in water spread; wetlands act as natural flood buffers and groundwater recharge zones.
- **Water Quality**: Typically meets standards for fisheries and wildlife propagation, with occasional turbidity and sediment load increases during monsoon.

#### **BIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT**

- **Flora**: Includes submerged, floating, and emergent aquatic vegetation; marginal vegetation with grasses and shrubs; trees along embankments and fringes.
- **Fauna**: Supports diverse fish species, migratory and resident birds, amphibians, and reptiles.
- **Ecological Sensitivity**: Certain wetlands are critical for bird congregation and fish breeding, especially in pre-monsoon and winter seasons.

#### SOCIO-ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT

- **Population & Livelihood**: Local communities often depend on fishing, agriculture, livestock, and allied activities.
- **Community Dependence**: Wetlands provide income, food security, flood protection, and cultural value.

#### POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS & MITIGATION MEASURES

Activity	Potential Impact	Mitigation Measures
Site clearance &	Vegetation loss, soil	Restrict clearance to demarcated areas; preserve
excavation	erosion	riparian vegetation; replant native species after works
Earthwork &	Increased turbidity,	Schedule during dry season; use silt fencing; avoid
embankment	sedimentation	storing excavated material near water bodies
works		
Material transport	Dust, noise, accidental	Cover trucks; water sprinkling; designate storage
& storage	spillage	areas away from water edge
Construction	Waste water and solid	Provide sanitation facilities; segregate and dispose
camps	waste generation	waste as per SPCB norms
Operation phase	Disturbance to habitat	Create buffer vegetation; regulate fishing /
	from human activity	harvesting; awareness campaigns for sustainable
		use

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN (EMP)**

#### INSTITUTIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES

- Implementation: Contractor with an Environmental Officer.
- Supervision: PIU Environmental Specialist.
- **Monitoring**: Third-party expert or independent monitoring agency.

#### MONITORING PLAN

- Water Quality: pH, DO, BOD, turbidity—quarterly at designated locations.
- **Noise Levels**: Monthly in sensitive zones.
- **Biodiversity**: Annual surveys of aquatic life and avifauna.
- **Plantation**: Six-monthly survival rate checks.

#### **CAPACITY BUILDING**

- Environmental induction training for workers.
- Community sensitization on wetland and biodiversity conservation.

#### **GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM**

• On-site complaint register, escalation to PIU within 7days, district-levelresolution for pending issues.

#### •

#### COST PROVISION FOR EMP

A budget allocation of **₹1.15 lakh** has been earmarked for the implementation of the Environmental Management Plan (EMP). This provision covers the following activities:

- Air quality monitoring during the pre-construction and construction phases.
- Noise level monitoring during the pre-construction and construction phases.
- Surface water quality monitoring during the pre-construction and construction phases.
- Sediment/soil quality monitoring during the pre-construction and construction phases.
- Aquatic biodiversity assessment during the pre-construction and construction phases.
- Wildlife survey during the pre-construction phase to confirm the presence of any IUCN-listed threatened species.

#### **COMPLIANCE & CLEARANCES**

- **Statutory**: WaterAct, 1974; AirAct, 1981; Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 where applicable.
- **Funding Agency**: Conformance with ADB Safeguard Policy Statement, 2009 environment, involuntary resettlement, and indigenous people's categorization.
- **State Pollution Control Board**: Compliance with waste management, emission control, and dust suppression norms.

Table 1.1. Environmental Management Plan (EMP) for Assam SWIFT Project

Environment	Civil work/	Potential	Mitigation/Remedial Measures	Time Frame	Ir	y		
Aspects or Project Activities	Project activities	Environmental impacts			Responsibilit y	Monitoring Action/ Indicator	Supervi sion	Frequency of Monitoring
A. Pre-Construct	tion phase	•		•	•			•
Construction Plan	sourcing,	unauthorized/illegal sources may disrupt natural environment  Construction quality may also be affected by using substandard materials  - Lack of specialized equipment's (viz. de	Monthly documentation of material sources is required. Materials must be stored on flat, well-drained surfaces, avoiding private/agricultural land. Stacks should be organized by type, size, and length, with clear 800 mm passageways, and kept free of debris or hazards. Materials must be protected from weather to prevent deterioration. Environmentally sound practices for borrow area operations, and reuse/disposal of desilted material and weeds must follow guidelines in:	Construction phase	Contractor (after the appointment but prior to construction)	Review and checking of material source and quality checking	PIU	Once prior to start of construction
Construction requirement	Hiring of workers	labor influx, livelihood, conflict of	Early consultation shall be made by the contractor with the local community and/or Beel development committee (BDC) before hiring of workers.  Employment for local labours should be encouraged to avoid setting of labour camp  In case of setting of any labour camp, contractor shall provide labour camps with all basic facilities for all the migrant workers employed till completion of construction and maintenance work in accordance with the Building and Other Construction Workers (Regulation of Employment	Construction phase		Review of hiring process	CPIU	At the time hiring of workers/labo urs

Environment	Civil work/	Potential Potential	Mitigation/Remedial Measures	Time Frame	Iı	stitutional Resp	onsibilit	у
Aspects or Project Activities	Project activities	Environmental impacts			Responsibilit y	Monitoring Action/ Indicator	Supervi sion	Frequency of Monitoring
11011411105			and Conditions of Service) Act, and Rules,1996			Indicator		
			Early consultations shall be made by the contractor with the local community/BDC to determine the appropriate location of labour camp					
			All migrant workers will undergo workshop/ briefings to sensitize them on local culture and lifestyle awareness					
Construction requirement	machines,	machines and vehicles that are not suitable for the site conditions could result in operational problems.  Unmaintained machinery, equipment, and vehicles may hinder and delay the implementation of construction and	The contractor shall develop and submit a site access plan to CPIU and BDC, using smaller vehicles where needed to avoid road damage. Early engagement with local residents and BDC is required to address concerns. Roads must be inspected and upgraded before transporting machinery, avoiding tree cutting. Protective measures should be implemented to prevent damage to roads and nearby properties.  All vehicles and machinery must be site-appropriate, registered, inspected, well-maintained, and have valid PUCs. Only trained and licensed personnel may operate them. Parking must be at designated areas. Records of all machinery, vehicles, and equipment must be submitted to CPIUfor review.	Construction phase	Contractor	Review and checking of material source and quality checking		Prior to start of construction and performed during civil works phase as necessary
Temporary accommodation for workers	Labour Camp and its		Employment for local labours should be encouraged to avoid setting of labour camp  However, in case of setting of any labour camp, contractor shall provide labour camps with all basic facilities for all the migrant workers employed till completion of construction and maintenance work in accordance with the Building and Other Construction Workers (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, and Rules, 1996  Guidelines for Setting up of Labour Camp is provided in Annexure A5(Guidelines for Setting up of Labour Camp) of Labour Camp) of IEE document for ready reference.  (see annexure in recent IEE here: https://www.adb.org/projects/57042-001/main)	Construction phase	Contractor	Inspection of labour camp and facilities provided by contractor.  CPIU will monitor compliance conditions mentioned in guidelines of Setting up of Labour Camp (Given in Annexure A5 for ready reference.)	CPIU	Prior to start of construction and throughout the construction period
Community utilities and structures	Shifting or dismantling of utilities and structures viz.	Disruption of services and inconvenience to public	During construction by any chance, any utility (Electric lines, poles, telephone lines, water pipes, tank, access road, pathway etc.) require shifting, prior permission and assistance shall be obtained from concerned agency. Alternate arrangement	Pre- Construction phase	Contractor	Inspection of shifting or dismantling of utilities	CPIU	Once prior to start of construction

Environment	Civil work/	Potential	Mitigation/Remedial Measures	Time Frame	I:	Institutional Responsibilisponsibilit Monitoring Superv			
Aspects or	Project	Environmental			Responsibilit			Frequency of	
Project Activities	activities	impacts			У	Action/ Indicator	sion	Monitoring	
Activities	(Electric lines,		shall be made prior to any dismantling			Indicator			
	poles, telephone lines, water		Nearby people will be informed before any shifting and dismantling activities						
	pipes, tank, access road, pathway etc.) before construction		Provide signages to inform people or community about shifting and/or dismantling activities.						
Emergency response	Preparation of emergency response	response plan may impact man,	Contractor shall prepare and display emergency response plan at work site and labour camp if constructed for situations like fire, flash flood, medical emergency, inundation, accident and community conflicts etc.	Construction phase	Contractor	Review of emergency response planning	CPIU PMU	Once prior to start of construction	
			Conduct drills and awareness on emergency response						
			Contractor shall identify the relevant officials and institutions to be involved during emergency.						
			Prepare a telephone directory of these officials for timely communication and support						
			Adequate provisions shall be made in the engineering design to adapt to extreme meteorological and geo-physical events.						
B. Construction	Phase	L		l	l	l		1	
Construction EMP	expertise,	safeguards measures, expertise and resources prior to start of construction may	Review and revise EMP to assess if the current mitigation measures need to be updated as per subproject site conditions, due to any changes in the final engineering designs, government requirements, community feedback and/or as a result of any preparatory work undertaken before loan agreement  Ensure that staff with appropriate level of expertise for EMP implementation is appointed by the contractor.	phase	CPIU	Prepare Construction EMP (also called BSEHSMP)	PIU/ PMU	Prior to start of construction. No construction will start without approval from PMU.  To be	
			Ensure appropriate level of monitoring resources are in place before subproject implementation					updated if any unanticipated	
			Ensure that construction contracts are responsive to EMP provisions and that mitigation and monitoring measures are adequately budgeted					impact occurred during construction.	
			Establish GRM in the DOF, and establish local access points					consu action.	
			Disclose GRM to community, project beneficiary, affected people before construction begins						

Environment	Civil work/	Potential	Mitigation/Remedial Measures	Time Frame	I1	nstitutional Resp	onsibilit	У
Aspects or Project Activities	Project activities	Environmental impacts			Responsibilit y	Monitoring Action/ Indicator		Frequency of Monitoring
			through signage, websites and notices in community centres					
			Construction materials should only come from Government approved sources with prior approval of CPIU					
Consents, Permits, Clearances, and NOCs	permission fro government authorities through Consents, Permits,	m necessary official permission from government authorities may lead to environmental	CTE & CTO for batching plants and DG sets under the Air and Water Acts from SPCB  Authorization for hazardous waste (e.g., used oil) under Hazardous Waste Rules, 2016  Approval for disposal of desilted and construction waste under C&D Waste Management Rules, 2016  License for petroleum storage (if applicable) under Petroleum Rules, 2002  PUC certificates for vehicles and machinery under the Motor Vehicle Act, 1988  Consent for borrow area operation, with NOC from local administration and advice from SPCB  Permission to set up labour camp, if required, from local authorities	phase	CPIU	Status of Clearances and NOCs	PIU/ PMU	Prior to start of particular activity and renewed during civil works phase as necessary
Land and Soil Environment	Site or lar clearing	and Impact on land	All permits must be secured and complied with prior to construction.  To prevent vegetation loss, erosion, and land degradation, contractors will limit site clearing, preserve existing vegetation, and stabilize erosion-prone areas. Replanting and site restoration will be done post-construction. Desilting and earthworks will follow controlled methods, avoiding rainy seasons, spawning areas, and sensitive hydro-geological zones. Excavated silt will be reused for bunds, mounds, or leveling, and stored in designated areas to prevent runoff. Material transport will follow dust and spill control measures. Campsites and storage areas will be on uncultivated land and restored after use. Mounds in large beels will be designed as stable bird habitats.	Construction phase	Contractor	Review of implementation of mitigation measures	CDILI	Daily as needed

Environment	Civil work/	Potential	Mitigation/Remedial Measures	Time Frame	I	nstitutional Resp	onsibilit	y
Aspects or Project Activities	Project activities	Environmental impacts			Responsibilit y			Frequency of Monitoring
Land and Soil Environment	l Excavation and Desilting		Contractor, in consultation with CPIU and BDC, shall minimize site clearing, preserve vegetation, and stabilize erosion-prone areas. Materials and debris must be properly disposed of, and sites restored post-construction. Earthworks should avoid rainy seasons; borrow areas near embankments must not be opened during monsoons.  Desilting shall follow bathymetry surveys,	phase	Contractor	Review of implementation of mitigation measures	CPIU	Daily as needed
			maintaining proper slope and avoiding ecological sensitive zones. Excavated silt must be stored, reused, or disposed of in designated areas to prevent erosion or runoff. Wet silt must be dewatered in Temporary Dumping Yards.					
			Borrow areas must follow IRC:10-1961 and Annexure A6: Guidelines/Procedure for Procedures for Borrow Area Operations and Management.					
			(see annexure in recent IEE here: https://www.adb.org/projects/57042-001/main)					
			Only approved sites shall be used, preserving topsoil and avoiding cultivable land. Borrow pits must be rehabilitated, and environmental and engineering factors considered. Transport of materials must be covered to prevent spills and dust.					
			Avoid areas of spawning and nesting grounds, submerged macrophyte beds and bird nesting sites (if any) during desilting operation.					
		Loss of vegetation and Impact on land cover Soil erosion	The contractor will accurately determine the precise locations of the designated borrow areas. Typically, it is advisable to choose government-approved operational borrow locations in the vicinity for extracting earth materials for construction purposes. Nevertheless, if the contractor initiates the establishment of a new borrow area, it is imperative to adhere to the prescribed protocols for running the said borrow area.	phase	Contractor	Review of implementation of mitigation measures	CPIU	Daily as needed
			The choice and suggestions of borrowing sites will be determined by both environmental and civil engineering factors.					
			All efforts shall be made to avoid or minimize tree loss due to borrowing. The trucks shall be covered while transporting the earth. While borrowing the					

Environment	Civil work/	Potential	Mitigation/Remedial Measures	Time Frame	I	nstitutional Resp	onsibilit	y
Aspects or Project Activities	Project activities	Environmental impacts				Monitoring Action/ Indicator		Frequency of Monitoring
			earth topsoil shall be preserved					
			The borrow pits shall be rehabilitated after borrowing the earth					
			Opening any borrowing area without permission from the CPIU is strictly prohibited. Borrowing on cultivable lands is prohibited unless the CPIU determines that there are no other viable sources for obtaining resources					
			Use of wasteland, excavation or enlargement of existing land or any hump above ground level for borrowing					
			Indian Road Congress (IRC):10-1961 guideline will govern the selection of borrow pits. In all cases good engineering and construction practices shall be followed					
			Guidelines/ procedure to ensure environmentally sound good-practice for selection of site for borrow area, its operations and management is provided in Annexure A6(Guidelines/Procedure for Procedures for Borrow Area Operations and Management) of IEE document.	•				
			(see annexure in recent IEE here: https://www.adb.org/projects/57042-001/main)					
Land and So Environment	il Generation waste	generation and	All of the construction activity shall be contained inside the pre-identified construction area. Contractor shall prepare and implement a Waste Management Plan.  To minimize environmental impacts and avoid disposal of earthwork materials, subproject shall maximize the reuse of excavated materials.	phase	Contractor	Review of implementation of mitigation measures	CPIU	Daily as needed
			Manage solid waste according to the following hierarchy: reuse, recycling and disposal. Include designated/approved disposal areas in waste management plan.	:				
			Coordinate with BDC and CPIU for beneficial use of excavated materials or immediately dispose to designated areas.					
			Recover used oil and lubricants and reuse; or remove from the site.					
			Avoid stockpiling and remove immediately all demolished materials, excess construction materials, solid waste (removed weeds, wood,					

Environment	Civil work/	Potential	Mitigation/Remedial Measures	Time Frame	I:	nstitutional Resp	onsibilit	у
Aspects or Project Activities	Project activities	Environmental impacts			Responsibilit y	•		Frequency of Monitoring
			packaging materials, empty containers, oils, lubricants, and other similar items).					
			Prohibit disposal of any material or wastes (including human waste) into drainage, <i>nallah</i> , agriculture fields and beel					
			Management of construction wastes should be done as per Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules 2016 (Refer Annexure A10of IEE: Guidelines for Construction and Demolition Waste Management (as per Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules, 2016))					
			(see annexure in recent IEE here: https://www.adb.org/projects/57042-001/main)					
			Construction contractor shall ensure daily collection and periodic disposal of construction waste generated debris, concrete, metal cuttings waste etc.					
			Solid waste will be managed as per the Solid Waste Management Rules, 2016. Waste generated at site to be segregated onsite and recyclables sold off to vendors.					
			During decommissioning, remove all wastes from the construction site and dispose of non- hazardous waste as per recommendation of CPIU and community, while any hazardous waste is to be disposed as the requirement of pollution control board					
	Site clearance digging and construction	, Soil Erosion	Construction activities shall be scheduled such that soil particularly at borrow areas near the stream are not laid bare during the monsoon. will be scheduled to minimize bare soil surfaces, especially at borrow areas, during the monsoon	phase	Contractor	Review of implementation of mitigation measures	CPIU	Daily as needed
			Exposed surface ground shall be resurfaced and stabilized as soon as possible. This shall also be covered with straw or mulch to avoid soil loss					
			Ground disturbances Construction shall be done in phased phases and only at allowed areas so that it is limited to workable size and minimize ground disturbances.	1				
			Other slope stabilization measures like selection of less eroding materials around stream shall be adopted					
			Check probable areas for soil erosion during					

Environment	Civil work/	Potential	Mitigation/Remedial Measures	Time Frame	It	nstitutional Resp	onsibilit	y
Aspects or Project Activities	Project activities	Environmental impacts			Responsibilit y	Monitoring		Frequency of Monitoring
			construction. To control massive soil erosion, appropriate measures will be applied such as use of mulch, blankets, and wood binders, and/or dewatering					
			Slope protection works (viz. stone pitching/or bioengineering measures) shall be implemented at strategic locations to avoid erosion/land subsidence	:				
	Transportation of workers, machine, and materials around construction sites, link roads, haulage roads, construction camp		Movement of construction vehicles, machinery and equipment shall be within the subproject site and pre-defined haulage road (by CPIU and VDC) to avoid compaction agriculture land and loss of standing crops.	phase	Contractor	Review of implementation of mitigation measures	CPIU	Daily
	Hazardous waste generation around construction sites, machine maintenance, use of fuels and lubricants on site, spill accidents, and production of construction wastes		Fueling and maintenance of construction machinery and vehicles shall be carried out at designated place with proper arrangement of waste management.  During servicing/repair of equipment and vehicles, suitable drip tray shall be used to prevent oil/grease spills onto the soil, especially in case of emergency repairs collection and disposal  Fuel storage and refueling sites shall be kept away from drainage channel  Unusable debris to be disposed in designated places assigned by CPIU and community  Provision of oil interceptors at wash down and refueling areas, if needed  Ensure hazardous waste is properly labelled, stored onsite at a location provided with impervious surface, shed and secondary containment system as per in accordance with the Hazardous and Other Waste (Management and Trans boundary Movement) Rules, 2016  Waste oil shall be sold off to recyclers authorized	phase	Contractor on daily basis	Review of implementation of mitigation measures	CPIU	Daily
		Change in land-uses	by SPCB/ MoEFCC, GoI  Prioritize using degraded or unused land for				CPIU	Daily as
Environment	site infrastructure		composting to avoid encroaching on productive agricultural land or natural habitats	pnase	CPIU	implementation of mitigation		needed

Environment	Civil work/	Potential		Mitigation/Remedial Measures	Time Frame	It	stitutional Resp	onsibilit	у
Aspects or Project Activities	Project activities	Environmen impacts	tal			Responsibilit y	Monitoring Action/ Indicator		Frequency of Monitoring
	development			Ensure that the composting units are placed at an appropriate distance from the beel to minimize any direct impact on the beel ecosystem			measures		
				Establish buffer zones with native vegetation around the composting units to act as a barrier, reduce runoff, and improve the local ecosystem's resilience					
				Engage with local communities and provide training on best practices for composting and waste management to ensure sustainable operations and minimize conflicts					
				Limit the construction activities to designated areas to avoid unnecessary clearing or alteration of the surrounding land.					
				Avoid the areas for fish landing and aggregation sites construction that are existing fish habitats and biodiversity					
				Employ construction methods that minimize soil erosion, sedimentation, and other disturbances to the land.					
Hydrology and water Environment	Flooding during construction	Flood construction may construction	site	DOF will provide adequate engineering design to cater extreme meteorological and geo-physical events.		Contractor	Review of implementation of mitigation measures	CPIU PIU	During rainy seasons and at the time weather alerts
		equipment, machinery materials manpower	and and	Provision shall be made for adequate size and number of cross drainage structures especially in the areas where land is sloping towards road alignment			2110000100	PIO	
		marpower		Access road level (if road located near pondage) shall be raised above HFL level wherever road located level is lesser than HFL					
				Construct interception ditches and drains to prevent runoff entering construction sites, and to divert runoff from sites to existing drainage					
				Regularly clean and maintain ditches					
				The Contractor must monitor meteorological forecasts and alerts issued by India Meteorological Department or IMD.					
Water	U	Decline of		Desilting will be done during low-flow periods		Contractor	Review of	CPIU	Daily as
Environment	construction waste and washing (machinery and	quality due site and activities		using silt curtains to containsediment. Weeds will be manually or mechanically removed, avoiding chemicals, and reused for composting. Gradual de-weeding and sediment traps will control			implementation of mitigation measures		needed

Environment	Civil work/	Potential Potential	Mitigation/Remedial Measures	Time Frame	Ir	stitutional Resp		
Aspects or Project Activities	Project activities	Environmental impacts			Responsibilit y	Monitoring Action/ Indicator		Frequency of Monitoring
	other related materials) and wastewater discharge from labor camp (if any)  Accidental discharge of engine oil/fuel used to run deweeding and other machineries		nutrient release. Non-toxic materials and best practices will be used to prevent cement or fuel contamination. Hazardous waste will be managed as per regulations. Erosion control via vegetation and geotextiles will be applied. Sustainable aquaculture and wastewater treatment (e.g., wetlands) will be promoted. Camps will have proper sanitation and solid waste systems. No maintenance near water bodies; machinery must be eco-compliant, spill-proof, and well-maintained. Workers will be trained on pollution prevention.  Refer to:  Annexure A4:Guidelines/procedure to ensure environmentally sound good practice for Deweeding operation and disposal/reuse of weeds  Annexure A7:National and International Regulatory Standards and Threshold Limits  (see annexures in recent IEE here: https://www.adb.org/projects/57042-001/main)					
Water Environment	Alteration of Water Flow During Construction	of embankments, earthen mounds, and the installation of Hume pipes can significantly alter the natural flow of water in and around the beel  Alterations may	understand the natural water flow, flooding patterns, and seasonal dynamics of the beel. Design embankments, earthen mounds, and Hume pipes to minimize alterations to these natural flows  Use spillways, sluice gates, and other structures to regulate water levels and flows, ensuring that natural flooding and drying cycles are preserved to support the beel's ecological functions.  Ensure that the design of embankments, earthen	phase	Contractor	Review of implementation of mitigation measures	CPIU	Prior to rainy seasons and as needed
Ambient Air Environment and Noise	r Construction activities including earthworks,	construction equipment, diesel	All project vehicles and machines must have valid PUC certificates. CTE/CTO from SPCB is required for hot mix and batching plants. Dust control measures include water sprinkling, covered	phase	Contractor on daily basis	Review of implementation of mitigation	CPIU	Daily as needed

Environment	Civil work/	Potential	Mitigation/Remedial Measures	Time Frame	Iı	nstitutional Resp	onsibilit	
Aspects or Project Activities	Project activities	Environmental impacts				Monitoring		Frequency of Monitoring
	stone quarrying, transportation of materials, storage pilling, stone soling, operation of DG Sets and vehicles movement etc.	movement  Dust emission during earthworks and from stone	and improve unpaved roads to reduce dust. Turn off idle machinery. Emissions and noise will be monitored by accredited agencies, with results compared to standards (Annexure A7 of IEE: National and International Regulatory Standards and Threshold Limits).  [see annexure in recent IEE here: https://www.adb.org/projects/57042-001/main]			measures		
	Construction equipment and machinery, drilling and operation of DG set etc.	noise levels/noise pollution	Stationary equipment shall be placed away from inhabited area in accordance to the National Noise Quality standard, particularly for residential areas (Category C) and silence zones (Category D: hospitals, educational institutions, courts, religious places, etc.), keeping the distance at least 150 m (Category C) and 250m (Category D), to minimize objectionable noise impacts. In the event potential noise sensitive receptors are identified who will experience higher noise due to construction, appropriate temporary noise barriers will be established	phase	Contractor	Review of implementation of mitigation measures		Daily as needed
	Operations will be scheduled when people wouldbe least likely to be affected. Construction activities shall be restricted between 10 p.m. and 6 a.m. near residential areas.							
			Protection devices (ear plugs or earmuffs) will be provided to the workers operating in the vicinity of high noise generating machines					
	Construction equipment and machinery shall be fitted with silencers and maintained properly. Noisy equipment, if any, will be provided in separate enclosures. Rubber padding will be used underneath high noise and vibration generating machines							
			Noise measurements shall be carried out along the vicinity as well as in nearby villages to ensure					

Environment	Civil work/	Potential	Mitigation/Remedial Measures	Time Frame			onsibilit		
Aspects or Project Activities	•	Environmental impacts			Responsibilit y	Monitoring Action/ Indicator	Supervi sion	Frequency of Monitoring	
			the effectiveness of mitigation measures						
			Use of manual labor will be promoted						
Biological Environment	,	biodiversity Impact on aquatic wildlife	A pre-construction biodiversity survey will be conducted with Forest Dept. support to identify key species, breeding/spawning grounds, and guide construction scheduling—especially for sensitive sites like KBAs and Reserved Forests (e.g., Mariampur Eco-Tourism Lake). NOC from the Forest Dept. is mandatory before work at Reserved Forest sites.  Activities must stay within designated zones, avoiding forest entry. Vegetation clearance and tree felling must be minimized, with NOC and compensatory plantation as per norms. Sediment control, limited in-water work, and eco-friendly weed removal (targeting invasives only) are required. Hunting, fishing, tree cutting for fuel, and nighttime noise/light are prohibited.  Construction must avoid breeding/spawning periods and critical times for birds. Tortoise and avi-fauna impacts shall be mitigated as per Annexure A8 of the IEE: Tortoise and Avi-Fauna Management Plan.	phase	Contractor on daily basis	Review of implementation of mitigation measures	CPIU	Daily a needed	
			(see annexure in recent IEE here: https://www.adb.org/projects/57042-001/main)						
Socio-economic and Cultural Environment	Labour Influx	labor influx,	The contractor shall prioritize hiring unskilled labor from nearby local areas. If needed, labor camps may be set up outside the project site in consultation with VDC and BDC. Migrant workers must attend orientation sessions on local culture. BDC must be informed in advance of any labor influx.  Labor camps, if established, must include essential facilities like drinking water, toilets, sanitation, lighting, groceries, and recreation. Contractors will be monitored by CPIU for labor use, wage payments, health and safety, and prevention of child or forced labor.  A grievance redress mechanism must be in place for workers and villagers. Structural checks and use of PPEs and fall protection are mandatory. (Refer Annexure A5 of IEE for labor camp guidelines.)  (see annexure in recent IEE here: https://www.adb.org/projects/57042-001/main)	phase	Contractor	Review of implementation of mitigation measures	CPIU	Monthly	

Environment	Civil work/	Potential	Mitigation/Remedial Measures	Time Frame	Iı	stitutional Resp	onsibilit	v
Aspects or Project Activities	Project activities	Environmental impacts			Responsibilit y	Monitoring Action/ Indicator	Supervi sion	Frequency of Monitoring
Socio-economic and cultural environment	construction activities, occupational	and safety hazards to construction personnel and public	The contractor shall comply with the Gol's Building and Other Construction Workers Regulations and IFC's EHS Guidelines. Key safety measures include:  Safety barricading and signage (in English and local language) at all sites  Mandatory use of PPEs (helmets, masks, gloves, boots, earplugs, etc.)  Speed limits and speed breakers at accident-prone areas  Adequate lighting and reflective signs  Safety gear in all vehicles/equipment (seat belts, reverse horns, etc.)  ELCB and proper earthing for electrical connections  Deployment of EHS Officers at construction sites  First aid and on-call medical facilities  Monitoring of safety incidents and corrective actions  Compliance with Gol/local COVID-19 protocols (Refer Annexure A11 of IEE: Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) and Guidelines for Construction Sites for COVID-19 Outbreak)  (see annexure in recent IEE here: https://www.adb.org/projects/57042-001/main)	phase		Review of implementation of mitigation measures	CPIU	Daily as needed
Socio-economic and Cultural Environment	during construction	items/materials of	The contractor will take reasonable precautions to prevent workers or any other persons from removing and damaging any PCR. Upon discovery thereof and before removal, acquaint the engineer from DoF of such discovery and carry out instructions  Report to CPIU and relevant authorities to comply with Archeological sites and Remains Act, 1958 and as amended Act 2010 of GoI.	phase		Review of implementation of mitigation measures	CPIU	Weekly

Table 1.2.Environmental Monitoring Plan (EMoP) for Pre-Construction and Construction Phase

Parameters	Environment Indicators/ Construction Activities	Standards	Frequency	Responsib ility	Location	Superv- ision
Preparation for EMP and other site management plan to be approved by PMU	Pre-Construction and Construction Phase	Nonspecific but as per lot condition	Prepare prior to start of construction stage and implement through the construction phase	Contractor CPIU	Subproject beel location	PMU
Contractor shall work within identified areas to avoid unnecessary access to nearby village area Identify site for weed dumping prior to composting and to store excess weeds Site for composting Site for storage of material and equipment's Labour camp site (if any) Silt dumping and reuse sites	Verification of Beel Specific Designs based on site specific survey	As per DPR and/or bidding document complying engineering best practices	Prior construction	Contractor	Subproject beel location	CPIU
Ensure implementation of guidelines for Borrow Area Operations and Management	Site specific EMP, Emergency response Plan Other plans deemed necessary	As per guidelines	Daily during borrowing of earth materials (earth/sand/ stone etc)	Contractor	Borrow area	CPIU
Adequacy of dust suppression techniques	Marking project sites and footprints area	None specific but as per site condition	Daily	Contactor	Construction site/Beel area	CPIU
Visual check landslides/ erosion prone area, stability of bank	Borrow Area (if any)	-	Before monsoon	Contactor	Near Construction site, inlet channels and access routes etc.	CPIU
Record of C&D wastes, solid waste, Hazardous waste, if any	Dust generation	-	Daily	Contractor	Construction site or labour camp (if any)	CPIU
Records of de-weeded quantity/area	Soil erosion and Siltation	As per DPR	Daily during de- weeding operation	Contractor	Beel	CPIU
Records of de-silted quantity/area	Waste generation	As per DPR	Daily during desilting operation	Contractor	Beel	CPIU
Records of weed composted and their utilization	De-weeding	As per DPR	Daily during composting operation	Contractor /BDC	Beel	CPIU
Check clogging of drains, ensure no logging of water, ensure contours levels are restored	Desilting	-	Monthly	Contractor	Construction site	CPIU
General cleanliness, periodic removal of garbage, inspection of toilets and other	Composting		Weekly	Contractor	Construction site and labour camp	CPIU
General heath check-up, identification of water-logged areas having disease vector carrier like mosquitoes etc.	Drainage	-	Monthly	Contractor	Subproject site and labour camp	CPIU
Usage of PPEs, Ensure public and labours safety	Sanitation and Hygiene	-	Daily	Contractor	Subproject site	CPIU
General Security Prevent unwanted access to site	Labour Health check- up	-	Daily	Contractor	Subproject site/ storage area	CPIU
Ensure traffic and Parking management plan	Occupational Health and safety	-	Daily	Contractor	Project sites located at Road and to access road	CPIU
Reporting of chance find to concerned agency and implement cultural properties management plan	Security	-	During chance find		Subproject site	CPIU
Match implementation schedule, ensure record keeping of materials and photography of	Traffic management	-	Weekly	Contractor	Subproject site	CPIU

Parameters	Environment Indicators/ Construction Activities	Standards	Frequency	Responsib ility	Location	Superv- ision
construction update including pre and post pictures of de-weeding operations						
PM <sub>10</sub> , PM <sub>2.5</sub> , SO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>2</sub> , CO (24-hr Sampling)	Air Quality	Ambient Air Quality Standards (given in Annexure A7)	construction	Contractor through third party MOEFCC/ NABL accredited laboratorie s		CPIU
Ambient and occupational exposure. Equivalent noise levels on dB (A) scale for day and nigh	Noise levels	Noise Standards (given in Annexure A7)	Once before start of construction works as baseline  Once during implementatio n and after completion of construction	Contractor through third party MOEFCC/ NABL accredited laboratorie s		CPIU
Key polluting indicating parameters in surface water as listed in Annexure A12	Water Quality	Surface Water Quality Standards (as per IS: 2296 and designated best use criteria for Class B) (Given in Annexure A7)	Once before start of construction works as baseline  Once during implementation and after completion of construction	Contractor through third party MOEFCC/ NABL accredited laboratorie s		CPIU
Monitoring of nutrients and metals as listed in Annexure A12	Sediment/Soil Quality	MOEFCC soil quality standards for screening of contamination and soil fertility ratings	Once before start of construction works as baseline.	through third party MOEFCC/ NABL accredited		CPIU
Aquatic biodiversity including fish species, macrophytes, avi- fauna Details can be referred Annexure A12	Aquatic Biodiversity and Wildlife Survey to confirm IUCN threatened species if any		Once before start of construction works as baseline Once during	through third party MOEFCC/ NABL accredited		PMU

Annexure A7: National and International Regulatory Standards and Threshold Limits

Annexure A12: Technical Note on Environment Monitoring, Inventory of flora and fauna, FTK and Beel Health Card (see annexures in recent IEE here: <a href="https://www.adb.org/projects/57042-001/main">https://www.adb.org/projects/57042-001/main</a>)

### ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSIBILITIES AND MANAGEMENT UNDER THE ASSAM SWIFT PROJECT

**Executing Agency (EA):** The Government of Assam, represented by the Assam Rural Infrastructure and Agricultural Services (ARIAS) Society, is the Executing Agency (EA). The EA is responsible for overseeing environmental safeguard compliance at the national and state levels, ensuring alignment with ADB's Safeguard Policy Statement (SPS), 2009, and managing regulatory approvals.

**Contractor Responsibilities:** The contractor holds primary responsibility for implementing the Environmental Management Plan (EMP) and environmental monitoring during the pre-construction and construction phases. Key responsibilities include:

- Appointing an Environment, Health, and Safety (EHS) focal person.
- Attending site induction workshops conducted by PMU, PIU, and CPIUs.
- Obtaining necessary environmental permits and licenses.
- Ensuring compliance with environmental, health, and safety regulations.
- Conducting baseline environmental monitoring and ongoing quality assessments (air, noise, water, soil and wildlife).
- Performing risk assessments and developing mitigation procedures.
- Implementing all mitigation measures specified in the EMP.
- Providing environmental training for workers and subcontractors.
- Maintaining an on-site environmental logbook and grievance redress records.
- Participating in grievance redress mechanism (GRM) and resolving community concerns.
- Submitting regular EMP compliance reports and incident documentation.
- Promoting continuous improvement and communication with local communities and authorities.
- Developing and submitting a Site-Specific Environmental, Health, and Safety Management Plan (SSEHSMP) and appointing a qualified full-time EHS officer.

**EHS Officer Responsibilities:** The EHS Officer will support the contractor in implementing environmental and safety measures and report to the Project Manager, CPIU, and PIU. Key tasks include:

- Preparing and updating SSEHSMP, traffic and health & safety plans.
- Ensuring compliance with regulatory conditions and borrow area management.
- Supporting environmentally sound construction and labour camp setup.
- Assisting in procurement of mitigation-related materials.
- Conducting training for contractor staff and maintaining material and grievance registers.
- Submitting safeguard compliance reports to CPIU.

**Training and Supervision:** PIU and CPIUs will organize EMP and EHS training sessions for contractors and ensure effective implementation. Training will cover EMP procedures, monitoring, documentation, and labour safety protocols.

**Monitoring and Documentation:** Contractors must maintain detailed documentation on EMP implementation, training, monitoring results, and grievances. PIU and CPIUs will oversee and regularly review these records to ensure transparency and compliance.

**Safeguard Implementation Support:** PIU will have a full-time Environmental Safeguards Specialist (ESS) and each CPIU will have a full-time Environmental Safeguards Coordinator (ESC) stationed at cluster level. They will supervise EMP implementation, support the GRM, and assist in preparing environmental sections of project progress reports.

**PMU Role:** The PMU will lead and oversee project implementation, including EMP compliance. It will ensure bidding and contract documents mandate EMP, EHS, and labour law adherence, and coordinate with ADB to monitor safeguard performance.

**Environment, Health and Safety Management Requirement:**The Contractor shall comply with all applicable national, and state environmental laws and regulations. The Contractor shall also comply with all requirements of the national and local authorities responsible for enforcing environmental health and safety controls, such as the following aspects (but not limited to):

- 1. Biodiversity conservation and sustainable natural resource management
- 2. Pollution prevention and abatement
- 3. Health and safety of workers and nearby community people
- 4. Control of infectious and communicable diseases (HIV/AIDS, malaria, COVID-19 etc.)
- 5. Local cultural conservation
- 6. Labor codes

Environment, Health, and Safety (EHS) Staffing and Responsibilities: The Contractor shall be responsible for ensuring that all workers on site are provided with safe, healthy, and environmentally compliant working conditions to minimize the risk of accidents, injuries, and occupational illnesses. To this end, the Contractor shall recruit a qualified Environment, Health, and Safety (EHS) Officer who will oversee the implementation of all environment, health, and safety requirements. The EHS Officer shall ensure full compliance with relevant national laws and regulations, as well as the Asian Development Bank's SPS 2009. The officer must possess demonstrated experience in managing environmental impacts specific to wetlands, wildlife, and ambient environmental parameters, including air, noise, and water quality. In addition, the officer must be skilled in identifying and mitigating occupational health and safety risks, including those related to work-related injuries and illnesses. The Contractor shall also ensure that all personnel on site—including Employer's representatives and visitors—are provided with, and required to use, appropriate PPE at all times.

**SSEHSMP Preparation and Implementation:** With guidance from the Employer and/or its consultants, the Contractor shall: (a) establish an operational system for managing environmental, health, and safety (EHS) impacts; (b) prepare a site-specific Environment, Health, and Safety Management Plan (SSEHSMP) based on the EMP and/or its latest updated version, as included in the most recent initial environmental examination (IEE) disclosed on the ADB website;<sup>2</sup> (c) comply with all measures and requirements applicable to the Contractor as outlined in the SSEHSMP, including any corrective action plan specified in environmental monitoring reports prepared by the Employer for ADB, as well as applicable government laws, rules, and standards; and (d) allocate the necessary budget to ensure effective implementation of these measures, requirements, and actions.

The IEE and EMP have been prepared in accordance with the ADB's SPS 2009, and are publicly disclosed on the ADB website. The IEE forms part of the bidding documents and can be accessed at ADB website (see footnote). The Contractor is required to thoroughly review the IEE and ensure that all environmental safeguard requirements are fully understood and integrated into project implementation. The IEE will be updated by the PMU, with support from the PIU, as necessary to cover additional beels under the project. The Employer shall ensure that a copy of the updated IEE is provided to the Contractor, or that the Contractor is informed of its availability for download from the ADB website. The Contractor shall review the updated IEE to incorporate any new or revised environmental requirements into the project implementation.

**Reporting of Accidents and Incidents:** In the event of any serious accident involving significant injury requiring medical treatment, hospitalization, or resulting in a fatality, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Employer through verbal communication, followed by the submission of a formal written incident report at the earliest practicable time. In addition, the Contractor shall promptly inform the relevant local authorities in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations of the country, regardless of whether the accident is fatal or non-fatal.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See most recent IEE: <a href="https://www.adb.org/projects/57042-001/main">https://www.adb.org/projects/57042-001/main</a>

Worker Welfare and Camp Management: The contractor shall follow legally mandated provisions on health, safety, welfare, sanitation and working conditions and appropriate working campsites during the construction period. At all times, take reasonable precautions to maintain the health and safety of workers and personnel, and to provide a safe work environment. In collaboration with local health authorities, the Contractor shall ensure availability of first aid facilities, and vehicle service to Personnel. The Contractor shall make suitable arrangements for all necessary welfare and hygiene requirements and for the prevention of diseases to include: (a) provision of a sufficient supply of suitable food, (b) adequate supply of drinking water and other water for the use of the Contractor's Personnel, and (c) protection from insect and pest nuisance. Maximise employment of females and local poor and disadvantaged persons for construction and routine maintenance purposes provided that the requirements for efficiency are adequately met.

**Environmental Permits and Discharge Standards:** The Contractor shall obtain and timely renew all applicable environmental permits and clearances required for project implementation. In coordination with the Employer and/or its consultants, the Contractor shall ensure that all emissions, discharges, and effluents resulting from construction activities remain within the limits prescribed by applicable national laws and regulations, as well as internationally recognized standards such as the World Bank Group's Environment, Health and Safety Guidelines.<sup>3</sup>

**SSEHSMP Development Process:** The Contractor shall prepare a SSEHSMP using the EMP provided in Table 1.1 of this Section as a guiding framework. With support and guidance from the Employer and/or its consultants, the Contractor must begin by identifying all environmental, health, and safety hazards specific to the site and construction activities. Risk assessment shall be conducted to evaluate the likelihood and severity of potential impacts, forming the basis for developing SSEHSMP to mitigate these risks. The SSEHSMP must comply with applicable national laws and regulations, the ADB's SPS 2009, and internationally recognized good practices such as the World Bank Group's EHS Guidelines. The plan should also include procedures for regular monitoring, internal inspections, documentation, and reporting to ensure effective implementation. The draft SSEHSMP shall be submitted to the Employer for review and approval prior to the commencement of construction activities. The Contractor shall regularly update the SSEHSMP to reflect changes in site conditions, project scope, or applicable regulatory requirements, treating the document as a dynamic management tool throughout the project lifecycle. A copy of the approved SSEHSMP will be maintained at the project site and made readily accessible to all personnel, including the Employer and its consultants, ADB and other stakeholders.

**SSEHSMP Monitoring and Reporting:** To assess the effectiveness, the Contractor shall conduct monitoring of the SSEHSMP. Environmental monitoring (Table 1.2) must be carried out by a NABL-and/or MOEFCC-accredited agency. The Contractor shall complete the EMP checklist provided as Annexure 1, maintain records and submit copies to the Employer and its consultants as part of monthly safeguard compliance reports. An environmental monitoring report shall be submitted using the format to be provided by the Employer and its consultants. The Contractor shall submit monthly reports to the Employer on the carrying out of SSEHSMP. Such reports shall be monitored by the Employer and/or its Consultants.

**Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM):** Contractor shall participate and adhere GRM established under the project which to receive and facilitate resolution of the affected people's concerns and grievances regarding the project's environmental performance. Contractor makes all affected persons and his staff aware of processes available for the redress of grievances that are easily accessible. The contractor shall also ensure installation of display boards at construction site with GRM information.

**Budget for Mitigation Measures and Variations:** Contractor will bear the costs of all mitigation measures and monitoring during construction and shall be budgeted bid. As may be instructed by the Employer, the Contractor shall undertake any redesign and/or additional works recommended in the updated EHSMP. Additional cost to the Contract of such variation shall be determined mutually by Contractor and Employer.

https://www.ifc.org/en/insights-reports/2000/general-environmental-health-and-safety-guidelines

**Environmental Management Budget:** Most EMP mitigation measures are standard good practices and covered by contractors as part of their bids. These include health and safety compliance, labour insurance, equipment fitness, and welfare provisions. Therefore, they are not separately costed under the EMP. However, costs for environmental monitoring and training are to be estimated based on experience from similar projects. The subproject-specific EMP cost must be derived using the indicative costs provided in Table 1.3.

Contractors will bear the costs of all mitigation measures and monitoring during construction, which shall be budgeted in the bids. Project proponent will bear the costs related to setting up and running the GRM and mitigation measures during operation.

**Table 1.3. Cost Estimates to Implementation of EMP** 

S1.	Particulars	Stages	Unit	Total	Rate	Cost (INR)	Costs Covered
No.				Number	(INR)		By
A.	Mitigation Measures						
1.	Obtaining and submission of copies (to CPIU/PMU) all consents, permits, clearances, Consent-to Establish (CTE) and Consent to Operate (CTO), no objection clearances or NOCs, other relevant permits from various authorities before the start of construction	Pre-Construction	=	-	-	Its contractor's responsibility and cost covered under contract cost	Civil works contract
2.	Reuse and disposal desilted material or construction wastes/weeds to designated locations.	Construction	-	-	-	Its contractor's responsibility and cost covered under contract cost	Civil works contract
3.	Shifting of utilities (if any) including alternate arrangement and provision of signages and traffic management (if needed)	Construction		-	-	Part of routine duty of contractor	Civil works contract
4.	Provision of all requisite facilities (i.e. drinking water supply, sanitation, domestic solid waste collection and disposal, fuel supply etc.) at construction camp (if any). Decommissioning of construction camp before handling over the subproject.	Construction	-	-		Its contractor's responsibility and cost covered under contract cost	Civil works contract
5.	Water sprinkling for dust suppression, barricading, temporary noise barriers, and provision of personal protective equipment such as boots, ear plugs/ muffs, etc. and First aid boxes and health checkup for labours	Construction	-	-	-	Its contractor's responsibility and cost covered under contract cost	Civil works contract
6.	General cleanliness, inspection of sanitation work and Check clogging of drains and visual check of landslides/erosion prone areas and mitigation measures taken	Construction	-	-	-	Part of routine duty of contractor	Civil works contract
7.	Photography and record keeping of construction progress and Reporting	Construction	-	-	-	Part of routine duty of contractor	Civil works contract
8.	Cost of implementation of specific mitigation measures suggested in EMP Table 1.1	Construction Phase	-	-	-	Its contractor's responsibility and cost covered under contract cost	
	total (A)					Nil	
B. N	Ionitoring Measures during Construction Phase						
1.	Air quality monitoring (refer Table 1.2)	Pre-Construction and Construction	Per sample	3	10,000	,	The cost of monitoring has
2.	Noise levels monitoring (refer Table 1.2)	Pre-Construction and Construction	Per sample	3	3,000	9,000	already been budgeted under
3.	Surface water monitoring (refer Table 1.2)	Pre-Construction and Construction	Per sample	3	8000	24,000	Project Output- 1 as part of Beel
4.	Sediment/Soil monitoring (refer Table 1.2)	Pre-Construction and Construction	Per sample	3	4000	12,000	Health Monitoring, to
5.	Aquatic Biodiversity (refer Table 1.2)	Pre-Construction and Construction	Per sample	2	10000	20,000	be implemented by the PMU.
	total (B)					95,000	
	P implementation and Monitoring Measures during Construction Phase	(A+B)					
	MP implementation and Monitoring Measures during Operational Phase						
1	Cost of implementation of Mitigation measures suggested for the operational phase mentioned in EMP Table 1.1 and Cost of implementation of Monitoring suggested for Operational Phase (Table 1.3)	Operational Phase	Per Beel	1	-	Financial support for Beel management activities has already been provided to the BDC under the project cost.	
	apacity Building on Environmental Safeguard matters						
	Training Program for Safeguards Compliances and Reporting (refer Table 1.6 of IEE report)	Pre-construction and Construction	-	-	-	The training program will be conducted matter experts from the contractual s	

		Stages	Unit			Cost (INR)	Costs Covered	
No	•			Number	(INR)		$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$	
						International, or other relevant service	ce providers	
						engaged under the project. The train	ing and capacity	
						development program, along with its		
						have already been accounted for und	ler Component-1.	
	Misc. Expenditure (Contingency)	Pre-construction and			Lumpsu	20,000		
		Construction			m			
Gr	and Total of EMP Implementation for civil works of Gutung Bhettoli Beel					1,15,000		
un	der Assam SWIFT Project							
To	Total (A+B+C+D+E)							
	*All of EMP items are already budgeted under the Project Cost.							

#### CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Department of Fisheries, Govt. of Assam, plans to develop Gutung Bhettoli Beel in Lakhimpur District under the Assam SWIFT project to promote sustainable fisheries and biodiversity conservation. While the interventions—such as desilting, de-weeding, mound construction, inlet cleaning, embankments, and fish-rearing ponds—aim to benefit local communities and the environment, they may also cause temporary, localized impacts.

The environmental assessment concluded that the subproject will not cause significant adverse effects. Most impacts are expected to be minor to moderate, short-term, and manageable through design standards, planning, and mitigation measures outlined in the Environmental Management Plan (EMP). Key concerns include potential water quality issues, minor air and noise pollution, and occupational health risks during construction.

The project aligns with ADB's Safeguard Policy Statement (2009) and is classified as Category B. An IEE and EMP (Table 1.1 and EMoP Table 1.2) have been prepared, addressing all project components. EMP measures will be integrated into contract documents and strictly monitored to ensure compliance and allow course correction during implementation.

The project is expected to enhance wetland health, protect fish habitats, and improve livelihoods. No significant residual or cumulative impacts are anticipated. Dedicated teams at PMU, PIU, and CPIUs will support design, monitoring, and safeguard compliance. The EMP will be updated as needed to address unforeseen impacts and ensure full adherence to ADB and national environmental requirements.

## Annexure 1: Construction Site Checklist for EMP implementation and Compliance Monitoring(to be used by contractor in field)

Subproject/Beel Name: Contractor Name: Filled by:

S1. No	Action/Activities	Status (Yes/No)	Additional Measures required as per EMP	Frequency	Remarks
1.	EHS supervisor appointed by contractor and available on site since joining			Prior to start of construction and monthly thereafter	
2.	EHS supervisor/contractor staff/labours attended training/workshop related to EMP and safeguard compliances			Prior to start of construction and after joining of any new staff or labour force	
3.	Whether all consents/NOCs as applicable are taken prior to work execution including tree cutting permission, CTO/CTE?			Prior to start of construction and monthly thereafter	
4.	Whether shifting or dismantling of utilities viz. electric lines, poles, telephone lines, water pipes etc. are done properly and alternative provided?			Once prior to start of construction	
5.	Whether uncultivated areas/waste land used for storage and/or handling of construction materials, and construction camp?			Once prior to setting of material storage site and construction camp	
6.	Verify that site for composting is marked and ready for composting process prior deweeding operation			Once prior to start of de-weeding	
7.	Whether borrow pits (if any) are located at upstream side?			Once prior to start of borrowing	
8. 9.	Is there any impact on water availability for during construction?  Site management plan (Labour, safety,			Monthly  Prior to start of	
	material, schedule, equipment etc.,) prepared			construction and monthly thereafter	
10.	Is material sourcing being done from authorized sources?  Is material transfer route to the site identified			Monthly	
11.	and able to vehicle carry load?  Whether any additional tree cutdown to			Monthly  Monthly	
13.	provide access road or working area?  Whether mitigation measures suggested to minimize the impacts on topography and drainage patterns are taken properly?			Monthly	
14.	Schedule de-weeding and desilting activities during the dry season to minimize water disturbance			Prior to start of operation	
15.	Confirm that desilting is planned to avoid sensitive areas such as spawning grounds, nesting sites,			Prior to start of operation	
16.	Ensure sediment barriers (e.g., silt curtains) are used around the desilting areas to prevent suspended solids from spreading.			Daily during operation	
17.	Confirm that excavated earth material is prioritized for bund strengthening, following suitable engineering analysis			Daily during operation	
18.	Air/Dust under control plan is in place			Daily	
19.	PUC of construction vehicle checked			Monthly	
20.	Excavated soil properly placed within minimum space  Check that desilted material is stored in			Daily	
21.	Check that desilted material is stored in designated areas before reuse.  Confirm that desilted material is used primarily for bund strengthening and is transported in lined or covered vehicles to avoid spillage			Daily during desilting operation  Daily during operation	
23.	Verify that harvested weeds are collected and Store at designated place only			Daily during operation	
24.	Check that all composting activities health and safety standards to avoid contamination			Daily during operation	

S1.	Action/Activities	Status	Additional	Frequency	Remarks
No		(Yes/No)	Measures		
			required as per EMP		
	and environmental impact				
25.	Construction area is confined; no			Daily	
26.	traffic/pedestrian entry observed Surplus soil/debris/waste is disposed without			Daily	
20.	delay as per provisions mentioned in EMP			Dully	
27.	Tarpaulins used to cover sand and other loose			Daily	
	material when transported by vehicles after unloading, wheels and undercarriage of				
	vehicles cleaned prior to leaving the site				
28.	Noise control measures taken at site			Daily	
29.	Drainage and storm water management			Daily	
	measures are in place			·	
30.	Hazardous waste viz. lubricant/Oil			Daily	
31.	management is being done by EMP measures Whether landslides/erosion prone area,			Daily	
01.	stability of bank checked?			Dully	
32.	Any discharge of wastewater from			Monthly	
33.	construction site/labour camp?  Are there any oil spillages/leakages?			Daily	
	1 0 / 0			ŭ	
34.	No pipes disturbed/removed during excavation			Daily	
35.	No chance finds encountered during excavation			Daily	
36.	Work is planned in consultation with village			Prior to start of	
	administration			construction and	
				monthly thereafter	
37.	Trenches are not kept open unduly			Daily	
38.	No public/unauthorized entry observed in work site			Daily	
39.	Safety measures (barricades, security) in			Daily	
	place at work sites			,	
40.	Workers using appropriate PPE (boots, masks, gloves, helmets, ear muffs etc)			Daily	
41.	Workers conducting or near heavy noise work			Daily	
	is provided with ear muffs				
40	To contractor stoff following standard and and and			Doily	
42.	Is contractor staff following standard and safe construction practices?			Daily	
43.	First aid facilities are available on site			Daily	
44.	Drinking water provided at the site			Daily	
45.	Toilet facility provided at the site Separate			Weekly	
1.0	toilet facility is provided for women workers			3371 1	
46.	Worker's camp (if any) is maintained cleanly adequate toilet and bath facilities provided			Weekly	
47.	Contractor employed local workers as far as			Prior to start of	
	possible			construction and	
				monthly thereafter	
48.	Whether any incident of			Monthly	
49.	poaching/hunting/forest fire/mass fishing?  Keep the photographic /video records of each			Daily	
	of the project activities				

## Annexure 2: Sample Material Collection Register(to be used by contractor to maintain the record for construction material)

Subproject Nar	ne:				
Location of Bor	rrow/Quarry:				
Geographical C	Coordinates:				
Estimated Qua	ntity Required for S	ubproject (MT):			
Whether Quarr	y/borrow area Appr	oved by Government:			
Date	Material Lifted from Borrow/Quarry site (MT)	Material consumed in construction (MT)	Material available at construction site (MT)	Remarks	Signature of construction manager/ site in-charge
			1	1	